1881.

THE NEW YORK EVENING POST,

IN ITS EIGHTY-FIRST YEAR.

The character and objects of the EVENING POST are so well known, that it would be enough, as a prospectus of the coming year, merely to announce that it will endeavor to maintain its position as the leading evening journal of the city of New York, but its proprietors hope, by renewed energy and enterprise, to render it still more worthy of the generous support which it has hitherto received from the public.

1. The EVENING POST, for more than fifty years, has been devoted to that theory of politics on which our institutions are built, and which regards the government as the organ and representative of the whole community, and not of any class. By the fundamental law of its corporate organization it is bound to contend for the decentralization of power, for freedom of exchange in trade, for just and impartial taxation, for a sound, hard-money currency, for economy and purity of administration, and for a reformed civil service; and to these principles it will continue to give an earnest, enlightened and unfaltering support.

2. In 1854 it took an active part in the formation of the Republican Party, to the measures and candidates of which it has since generally adhered; but it is in no sense the slave of any party organization. It holds that the highest duty of a good journal is to the community at large, and to parties only as they are subservient to the general good. While it has decided political preferences, therefore it has no political prejudices; and is determined to be fair and impartial toward all parties, and independent in its judgments. It means to make vigorous war, as it always has done, upon all public jobs, all corruption, all extravagance, all peculation, all rings, and all class legislation.

3. But the chief aim of the proprietors of the EVENING POST is to render it a first-class family newspaper, which shall not only provide the latest and fullest news of each day, but lend a special aid to all the best elements of civilization, to literature, to science, to art, to education, and to innocent amusements. Accordingly, it maintains intelligent correspondents, not only in our two political capitals, Washington and Albany, but in all the great cities of the Christian world. Its reviews of books have long since made a name for themselves; its theatrical and musical criticisms are full, discriminating, instructive and just; its financial and market reports are noted for their completeness and accuracy; while its miscellaneous departments have no superior for variety, freshness and general interest.

Every Saturday, to accommodate our advertisers, who are more numerous than those of any other New York daily journal except the *Herald*, we publish a supplement, which contains tales, poems, correspondence, extracts and miscellanies of various kinds, and which is intended to anticipate the Sunday editions of the morning papers. It is furnished to our subscribers without increase of price.

5. The best things of our daily editions are especially prepared for our Semi-Weekly and Weekly editions, which supply to country readers all the news, with an abundance of other matter, up to the day of their date. We do not believe that any better papers for country reading are issued from the city of New York.

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and feels confident that where the disease is amenable to treatment he can effect a cure. The horseshoeing department is complete in every respect and we have greater facilities in our new workshop for conducting our business. All shoeing done by competent hands and in all cases toward improving the gait of the horse.

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EXECUTED IN THE BEST MANNER

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LOWEST CURRENT RATES

AT THE OFFICE OF

The Bloomfield Record.

Posters,

Bill-Heads,

Programmes,

Tickets, etc

DISCOVERIES BY ACCIDENT.

Valuable discoveries have been made and valuable inventions suggested by the veriest accidents. An alchemist, while seeking to discover a mixture of earths that would make the most durable crucibles, one day found that he had made porcelain. The power of lenses, as applied to the telescope, was discovered by a watchmaker's apprentice. While holding spectacle-glasses between his thumb and finger, he was startled at the suddenly enlarged appearance of a neighboring church spire. The art of etching upon glass was discovered by a Nuremburg glass-cutter. By accident a few drops of aqua fortis fell upon his spectacles. He noticed that the glass became corroded and softened where the acid had touched it. That was hint enough. He drew figures upon glass with varnish, applied the corroding fluid, then cut away the glass around the drawing. When the varnish was removed the figures appeared raised upon a dark ground. Mezzotinto owed its invention to the simple accident of the gun barrel of a sentry becoming rusted with dew. The swaying to and fro of a chandelier in a cathedral suggested to Galileo the application of the pendulum. The art of lithographing was perfected through suggestions made by accident. A poor musician was curious to know whether music could not be etched upon stone as well as upon copper. After he had prepared his slab his mother asked him to make a memorandum of such clothes as she proposed to send away to be washed. Not having pen, ink and paper convenient he wrote the list on the stone with the etching preparation, intending to make a copy of it at leisure. A few days later, when about to clean the stone, he wondered what effect aquafortis would have upon it. He applied the acid and in a few minutes saw the writing standing out in relief. The next step was simply to ink the stone and take off an impression. The composition of which printing rollers are made was discovered by a Salopian printer. Not being able to find the peltball he inked the type with a piece of soft glue which had fallen out of a glue pot. It was such an excellent substitute that, after mixing molasses with the glue to give the mass proper consistency, the old peltball was entirely discarded. The shop of a Dublin tobacconist by the name of Lundy was destroyed by fire. While he was gazing dolefully into the smouldering ruins he noticed that his poorer neighbors were gathering the snuff from the canisters. He tested the snuff for himself, and discovered that the fire had largely improved its pungency aroma. It was a hint worth profiting by. He secured another shop, built a lot of ovens, subjected the snuff to a heating process, gave the brand a particular name and in a few years became rich through an accident which he at first thought had completely ruined him.—*Woonsocket Patriot.*

OLDEST MAN IN THE WORLD.

At a recent meeting of physicians in Bogota, Dr. Luiz Hermandez read a paper of unusual interest. It was an account of a visit he paid to one Miguel Solis, a half-breed farmer living in the foot hills of Sierra Mesilla. The remarkable thing about Miguel is that he gives himself out as one hundred and eighty years old, "more or less," and his neighbors believe that it is a good deal more rather than less. Grey-headed men told the doctor that they remembered Miguel as a reputed centenarian when they were boys; also that the name of Miguel Solis, corrored farmer, appears in a list, still preserved, of the contributors to the building fund of a Franciscan monastery near San Sebastian, which was founded in 1712, and that the present abbot is positive it is the same man. The doctor found the old fellow at work in his orchard—parchment skinned, robust, active, his snow white hair twisted turban fashion around his head and his eyes so bright that the doctor felt uncomfortable when they were turned upon him. Questioned as to his habits, Miguel told the doctor that the secret of living a century or two was very simple—merely never getting drunk and never over-feeding. "I eat only once a day—a big hearty meal, which it often takes me over half an hour to get through with; but you see it is not possible in half an hour to eat more than you can digest in twenty-four." He went on to say that he hadn't made up his mind about meat, but did not each much of it; he fasted on the first and middle day of each month, eat nothing, but drinking all the water he could swallow; he always let cooked food cool before eating it; that was why his teeth were as sound at one hundred and eighty years ago. It was hardly necessary to add that all the Indians in the neighborhood firmly believed that old Miguel has sold himself to the devil.

SET THE CHILDREN TO WORK.

Even the youngest member of the family should have something given him to do. "The chores," which the country boys and girls do, thereby relieving their overworked elders, are not only an assistance in the household, but a means of education, and it is important that those families who unfortunately live in the city should find for their children something to take the place of this means of education.

THE POWER OF HUMBUG.

An individual who opened a small tavern near the field of Waterloo, was frequently questioned as to whether he did or did not possess some relics of the battle, and he invariably and honestly answered in the negative. But he was very poor, and one day while lamenting to a neighbor, not only his poverty, but the annoyance to which travelers subjected him, his friend cut him short with, "Well, make one help the other. Make some relics."

"But what can I do?" inquired the poor man.

"Tell them that Napoleon or Wellington entered your shop during the battle, and sat down in that chair."

Not long after an English tourist entered the tavern, and, inquiring for relics, was told the chair story. The chair was bought at an incredible price. The next comer was informed that Wellington had taken a drink, and the Wellington tumbler was accordingly sold. The third arrival gazed with breathless wonder at the nail on which Bonaparte had hung his hat; the fourth purchased the door posts between which he had entered, and the fifth become the happy purchaser of the floor on which he had trodden. At the last advices, the fortunate tavern keeper had not a roof to cover his head, and was sitting on a bag of gold in the corner of a deep pit formed by selling the earth on which the house had stood.

GERMAN MILITARY SCHOOLS.

The King of the Sandwich Islands has sent two natives to Berlin to study military art and science. The two young islanders are accompanied by M. Moreno, late Hawaiian Minister of Foreign Affairs, who delivered a letter from his sovereign to Prince Henry of Prussia, the second son of the German Crown Prince, and a recent visitor at Hawaii Palace. In this letter King Kalakaua says that the marvelous victories obtained by the German army and the high degree to which the art of war has been developed in Germany have induced him to asked for the admission of two of his subjects to the Prussian military and naval schools.

PROF. MORLEY has investigated the ratio of oxygen to nitrogen, mean, in the atmosphere, and comes to the conclusion that when the air at a given place is cold, and the barometer high, there may sometimes be a vertical descent of cold air. Samples collected at such times are more likely, he says, to approach the composition of the upper atmosphere than those collected at other times, and again he states that if there be any cause which tends to produce an excess of nitrogen in the upper atmosphere, the average per cent. of oxygen in many samples collected, as mentioned, will be lower than that of other samples.

SOME beautiful crystals of magnesium have been presented to the French Academy by M. Dumas. These crystals were obtained by sublimation, and are of a white color, with the brilliancy of silver; their faces are often curved and the edges blunt—the usual form being that of a regular hexagonal prism, terminated by a base of somewhat less brilliancy than the lateral faces. The edges of the base are often replaced by an annular truncation; the culminating angle is more acute than in arsenic, tellurium, antimony, and bismuth; the crystals are very malleable.

One of the illusions is that the present hour is not the critical, decisive hour. Write it on your heart that every day is the best day in the year.

Gossip is a sort of smoke that comes from the dirty tobacco pipes of those who diffuse it; it proves nothing but the bad taste of the smoker.

A certain amount of concession to the opinions and rights of others is absolutely necessary to a true neighborly relation with those who live near you. If, as the Irishman said, everybody should insist on standing still in the street, how could anyone get by?

Friendship is woven fast by interwoven benefits.

He who sedulously attends, pointedly asks, calmly speaks, coolly answers, and ceases when he has no more to say, is in possession of some of the best requisites of man.—*Lavater.*

Without content, we shall find it almost as difficult to please others as ourselves.—*Greville.*

A man may suffer without sinning, he cannot sin without suffering.

Favors of every kind are doubled when they are speedily conferred.

GLASS manufacture is making wonderful strides in Ohio.

The average weight of a skeleton is about 14 pounds.

There are 60,000 fewer acres under wheat in England than in 1874.

An Austrian Count has a railway built on his domain, the cars of which are propelled by sails.

Liverpool is talking of getting her water supply from Wales through sixty-seven miles of tunnel and dams seventy-two feet high.

ANSWER THIS.

Did you ever know any person to be ill, without inaction of the stomach, liver or kidneys, or did you ever know one who was well when either was obstructed or inactive, and did you ever know or hear of any case of the kind that Hop Bitters would not cure? Ask your neighbors this same question.—*Times.*

HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES

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THEY GIVE A SPECIAL DISCOUNT OF 10 PER CENT. BY THE PIECE.

CRIMES AND ACCIDENTS.

Any Fool can Destroy—Only the Man with Valuable Material can save—Reader take warning before it is too late.

The summer of 1880 contributed largely to the records of disaster and death. Stupidity, ignorance, and carelessness can take life; any fool can destroy. But the ability to restore, to crush disease, to make life worth having, is the joint product of nature and education. For this reason Dr. David Kennedy, of Rondout, N. Y., has cause to be both proud and thankful that his name is gratefully mentioned by so many whom he has healed or helped. "Kennedy's Favorite Remedy" has become a household word. Everybody sooner or later, gets sick, and sickness is both wearisome and costly. "Favorite Remedy" steps in at this point. It is not expensive and it is efficient. For all diseases of the Blood. Billious Disorders, Kidney Complaint, Constipation, and the aches and ills which make the domestic life of women a cross so hard to bear, "Kennedy's Favorite Remedy" has been successfully used by thousands. It will build up a system which has been run down by overwork. It is the thing for the student and literary man to have at hand, and should be in the home of every mechanic. "Favorite Remedy," is economical, safe and pleasant. Buy it and try it; or, if you need advice as well, write to Dr. Kennedy, who is in active practice as a surgeon and physician at Rondout, New York. "Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy" for sale by all druggists.

SHERIFF'S SALE—Essex Circuit Court—Israel C. Ward, vs. William R. Hall.—Fi. fa., &c.

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias, to me directed, I shall expose for sale by public vendue, at the Court House, in Newark, on Tuesday, the first day of March next, at two o'clock, P. M., all that tract or parcel of land and premises, hereinafter particularly described, situate, lying and being in the township of Bloomfield, Essex county, New Jersey:

Beginning in the centre or middle of the Morris Canal on the south side of the road leading from Bloomfield to Belleville; (1) thence along the middle of said canal south ten and one-fourth degrees east five chains and forty-five links to Eleazer D. Ward's line; thence (2) along his line south eighty-nine degrees east four chains and eighty-five links to another lot of said E. D. Ward's; thence (3) along his line north one degree east five chains and fifty-eight links to aforesaid road; thence (4) along said road south eighty-one and one-half degrees west five chains and ninety-three links to place of beginning. Containing two acres and nine-tenths of an acre, be the same more or less. Excepting however, from said tract that portion of same containing one acre and three hundred and fifteen one-thousandths of an acre, conveyed by William R. Hall and wife to Richard Hall, by deed dated May 7th, 1858, recorded May 11, 1858, in Book M, 10 of Deeds for Essex County, pages 409, &c.

Newark, N. J., December 27, 1880.

S. V. C. VAN RENSSELAER, Sheriff.
HALSEY M. BARRETT, Sol'r. $5.40

SHERIFF'S SALE.—In Chancery of New Jersey—Between Zenas S. Crane, complainant, and William Jacobus and als., defendants. Fi. fa., for sale for deficiency.

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias, to me directed, I shall expose for sale by public vendue, at the Court House, in Newark, on Tuesday, the fifteenth day of March next, at two o'clock, P. M., all that tract or parcel of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the township of Montclair, Essex County, New Jersey:

Beginning on the southerly side of the road leading past the Montclair Presbyterian church, called Church street, and at the northeast corner of the lot belonging to Dr. John J. H. Love and wife; thence running along said road south seventy-six degrees and twenty-six minutes east one hundred and eighteen feet one inch to the road leading to Orange, called and known as Fullerton avenue; thence along the west side of said Fullerton avenue south seventeen degrees and fifty-one minutes west one hundred and eight feet and ten inches; thence north seventy-two degrees and nine minutes west one hundred and eighteen feet to the lot of Dr. J. J. H. Love and wife; thence along the line of said lot north eighteen degrees and three minutes east one hundred feet to the point of beginning.

Dated Newark, N. J., Jan. 12, 1881.

JOHN D. HARRISON, late Sheriff.
WHITEHEAD & CONDIT, Solicitors. $5.40

SHERIFF'S SALE.—Essex Circuit Court,—Christian Yost vs. Fredrick W. Shrump. Fi. fa., &c. S. W. & J. Morrow, Attorneys.

New Jersey Supreme Court.—William Jacobus vs. Frederick W. Shrump. Fi. fa., &c. S. W. & J. Morrow, Attorneys.

Essex Circuit Court.—Henry Wood and al. vs. Frederick W. Shrump. Fi. fa., &c. Guild & Lum, Attorneys.

Essex Circuit Court—James E. Bathgate and al. vs. Frederick W. Shrump. Fi. fa., &c. Guild & Lum, Attorneys.

By virtue of the above stated writs of fieri facias, to me directed, I shall expose for sale by public vendue, at the Court House, in Newark, on Tuesday, the twenty-second day of March next, at two o'clock P. M., all that tract or parcel of land and premises situate, lying and being in the township of Bloomfield, Essex county, New Jersey:

Beginning in the line of David Wilson's land on the south side of Bloomfield avenue; thence along the south side of said avenue in an easterly direction two hundred and three feet to Christian Yost's line; thence running along her line in a southerly direction two hundred and seventy-seven feet to the Newark and Bloomfield railroad; thence in a westerly line along the railroad two hundred and six and one-half feet to the line of David Wilson, thence along his line in a northerly direction two hundred and forty-four feet to the place of beginning.

Also all that tract or parcel of land and premises situate, lying and being in the township of West Orange, county and state aforesaid: Beginning on the north side of Eagle Rock avenue in the line of lands of James Mager, and runs thence in a northeasterly direction along his line three hundred and forty-three feet one-half inch; thence in a northwesterly direction along Mager's line seven hundred and fifty-six feet one-quarter of an inch to line of Abner Williams's land; thence along his line and Tompkins's line four hundred and ninety-four feet, more or less, to the north side of said avenue: thence in a southeasterly course and along the north side of said avenue seven hundred and sixty-nine feet seven inches, more or less, to the place of beginning.

JOHN D. HARRISON, late Sheriff.
Dated Newark, N. J., Jan. 20, 1881. $7.20

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Persons suffering from Paralysis, Inflammatory Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Bronchitis, Asthma and all other forms of Chest diseases, Nervous Debility, Dyspepsia, Kidney diseases, Anchyolosis, Varicose Veins, etc., etc., are being cured after all forms of medical treatment had entirely failed. The curse of America to-day is the stupid practice of swallowing every newfangled quack nostrum placed before the public.

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The "Wilsonia" garments will last a lifetime, and can be worn by any member of the same family at different periods.

Read the Brooklyn *Daily Eagle* every Saturday, wherein will be found a long list of references as to the value of

The "WILSONIA,"

And an essay on the practices and follies of physicians in the treatment of disease.

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Assets,	$39,000,000
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45,000 Policies in Force.

TEN FACTS.

1. *A Large and Strong Company.*

The New York Life has age and the stability which brings success. It has been in operation over thirty-five years, and at the beginning of 1880 had over 45,000 policies in force, covering over $127,000,000 in insurance. For the security of these policies the Company held nearly thirty nine million dollars, being $124.00 over every $100 of liabilities by the State Standard.

2. *A Purely Mutual Company.*

The New York Life is one of the few purely mutual life companies in this country, a company owned and managed by the policy holders themselves, in their own interests, with no stockholders to share the profits or interfere in the management, to the prejudice of the insured. It affords insurance at currant cost with absolute security.

3. *A Liberal and Progressive Comp ny.*

The New York Life in 1860 originated and introduced the non-forfeiture system of policies, since adopted, in part or in some form, by every life company. It anticipated the New York State Law on the subject, in time by over nineteen years, and in liberality to the insured by giving more than the law requires.

4. *A Rapidly Growing Company.*

The last ten years include the six years of depression that followed the panic of 1873; yet during these ten years the increase in the Company's assets has been nearly three-fold, and the increase in surplus and interest receipts over three-fold. During this time the annual disbursements to policyholders have risen from $2,899,303 to $4,848,490, and have aggregated the inconceivable sum of forty million dollars ($40,301,252). Its interest receipts alone have been upward of fifteen millions and have more than paid its death-losses.

5. *A Solid and Vigorous Company.*

The New York Life has held its business, in spite of the "hard times," better than any other prominent company. The falling off among these from the highest point reached since the panic of 1873, has been nearly twenty per cent, on an average, both of income and insurance in force; while in the New York Life the falling off has been only about two per cent. of income and less than one-half of one per cent. of insurance in force.

6. *A Wide-Awake Company.*

The New York Life has issued over 140,000 policies, insuring over $420,000,000. It has received over $85,000,000 in premiums and nearly $26,000,000 in interest and rents. It has paid over $20,000,000 in death-claims, and returned over $31,000,000 to living policyholders. The amount of its present assets, plus its payments to policyholders and their families, exceeds the sum received from them by nearly six million dollars.

7. *A Well-Managed Company.*

Its management was never more vigorous, skillful, and prudent than at present. Its report for the year ending January 1st, 1880, shows almost unparalleled prosperity—a large increase in assets; a large increase in surplus; a large increase in premium receipts; a large increase in interest receipts; a large increase in policies and insurance, issued and in force; and a decrease in death-losses, resulting from a careful selection of lives and consequent low mortality rate.

8. *A Company with A No. 1 Securities.*

The securities of the New York Life are of the very highest order, the interest on which is collected when due. The entire amount of its uncollected interest, including the amount accrued or earned but not yet due, upon its investments January 1st, 1880, was but $317,989.11. This was only about eight-tenths of one per cent. of the Company's entire assets, being the lowest ratio of any prominent company and in notable contrast with some. At the date above given its bonds and stocks were worth nearly a million dollars more than cost.

9. *A Prudent Company.*

In estimating its liabilities the Company employs the severest standard used in this country. Security being the *sine qua non* in life insurance, the New York Life calculates its reserve fund on the supposition that it will be able to realize in future but four per cent. interest; and thus keeps this fund over four million dollars larger than is required by the law by which its solvency is tested. Hence, no unusual losses, no sudden depression in the prices of securities, no panic, no hard times, nor all of these combined can so reduce its surplus as seriously to embarrass the Company.

10. *A Good Company to Insure in.*

The policies of the New York Life are notable for their freedom from vexatious restrictions; the customs of the Company with respect to payment of premiums, etc., are plainly stated, and efforts are made to encourage and to enable every honest policyholder to keep up his policy; in the settlement of claims by death the greatest liberality consistent with justice is ever shown, as the grateful acknowledgements of hundreds of beneficiaries abundantly testify. By its liberal construction of the policy contract in cases that might have been resisted on technical grounds it has gained the reputation of being

"A non-contesting company."

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WM. H. SEER, Vice-President.

THEODORE M. BANTA, Cashier.

D. O'DELL, Sup't of Agencies.

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Dress Shirts to order, from Wamsutta Muslin, $1.2 Unlaundried Shirts, 89 cents, equal to any Dollar Shirt sold. Neckwear, Collars and Cuffs. Gause and Gossamer Underwear.

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LADIES' CLOTHS OF FRENCH MANUFACTURE, In colors to harmonize with spades now worn in silks and English Serges. Flannel Cloth, Chariots, Tricots, Diagonal and Mixed Suitings for gentlemen's wear, At very Reasonable Prices.

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